

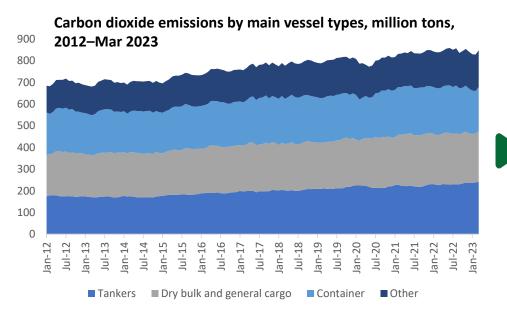
Vol.23

Alternative Fuel Prospects in the Shipping Sector across EU



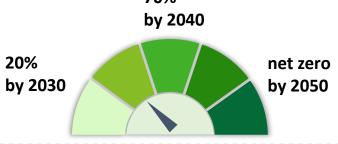
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In January 2024, the EU's Emissions Trading System (EU ETS) was extended to cover CO₂ emissions from all large ships (of 5,000 gross tonnage and above) entering EU ports, regardless of their flag.

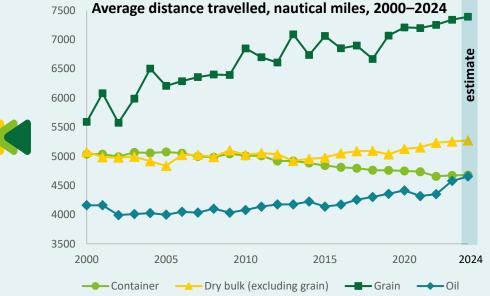
IMO emissions reduction targets for shipping industry 70% by 2040 20% by 2030



The Panama Canal is facing a severe drought, causing a 36% reduction in total transits compared to the previous year, raising long-term concerns about climate change impacts on the canal's capacity.

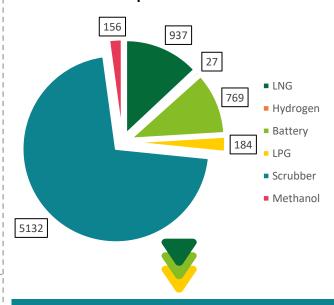
The Red Sea crisis, has led to a 67% decline in weekly container ship transits and significant drops in tanker and gas carrier transits.

Rerouting ships around the Cape may result in a 17% increase in carbon intensity under the Carbon Intensity Index (CII) framework, emphasizing the need for real-time CII data intelligence to provide accurate assessments of carbon intensity within actual voyages.



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Number of vessels globally with implemented alternative fuels and scrubber installations that are under operation 2023

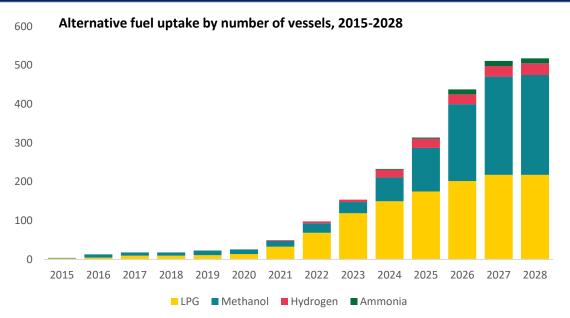


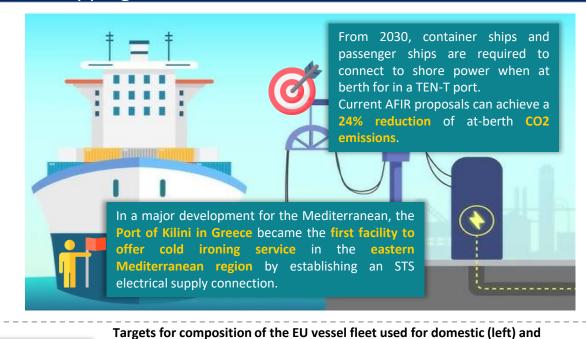
Greek shipping has the largest fleet operating with alternative fuels. Notably, 6.7% of the Greek-owned fleet can use LNG dual-fuel.

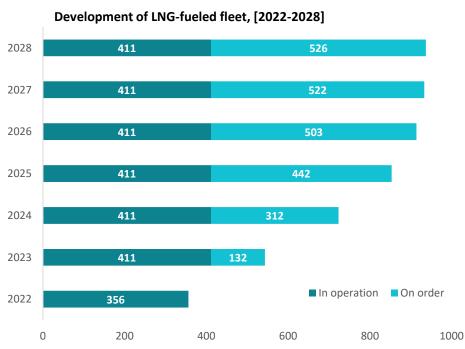
Additionally, it is the second-largest fleet globally that has installed sulfur oxide (SOx) scrubbers on its ships. Specifically, 36% of Greek-owned new tankers on order will be equipped with sulfur oxide scrubber systems.

Source: UNCTAD, DNV, UGS, Hellenic Shipping News, HAEE analysis

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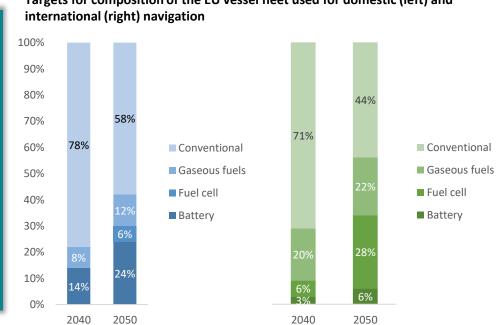




Based on the newly announced Europe's 2040 climate targets, the composition of the vessel fleet used both for domestic and international maritime transport in the EU is projected to change considerably between 2015 and 2050, with respect to the energy carriers used.

Notably, conventional fuels will be replaced by **battery-electric**, **fuel cells**, and other **gaseous fuels**, such as (LNG, biogas, and e-gas)

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Source: UNCTAD, ICCT, DNV, EU Commission, Hellenic Shipping News, HAEE analysis





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